Snow Princess Lobularia Brian Whipker, NCSU









Production Challenges

Situation

Questions

- Lower leaf yellowing (leaves around base)
- What is the cause and how to prevent it?
- Vigorous grower
- How to manage growth?
- High irrigation demand
- Can water use efficiency be improved?







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Nitrogen Deficiency Expt.

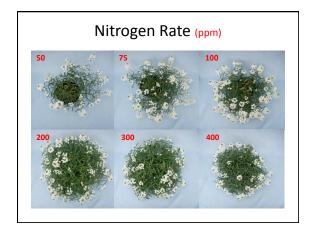


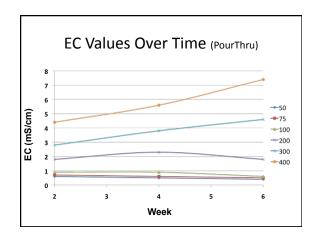
Lower leaves completely

Symptoms progress up the plant. Yellow leaves become necrotic over time

Nitrogen Rate Expt.

- Plugs transplanted into round 5-inch pots.
- Fertigation:
 - with 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, or 400 ppm N from Proven Winners Professional 14-3-14 with minors
 - low alkalinity formula with FeEDDHA





EC Values Over Time (PourThru) EC (mS/cm) -75 -100 ---200 -300 -400 Week

Observations

- Nitrogen deficiency symptoms (lower leaf yellowing) occurred with ≤100 ppm N.
- Plant growth was maximized with 200 to 300 ppm N.
 - Growth was less with 400 ppm N.
- Target Fertilization Rate: 132 to 250 ppm N





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Optimal Tissue Nitrogen Concentration (based on 200 to 300 ppm N)

7.4

7.2

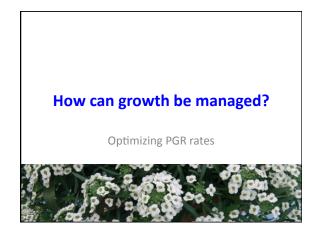
7.0

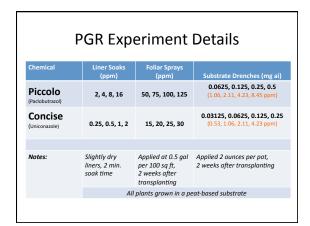
6.8

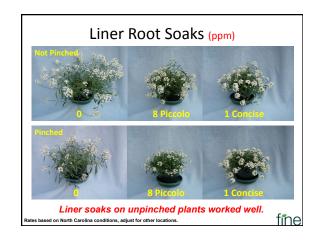
8 6.6

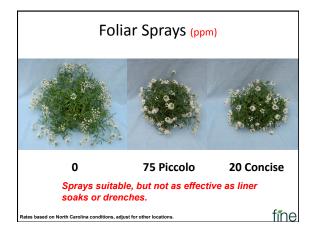
9 6.4

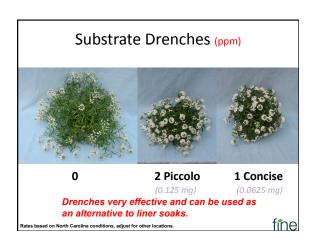
Week after Planting











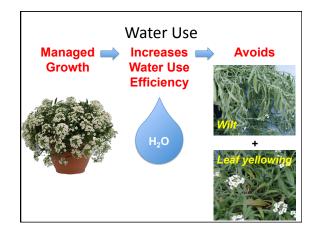




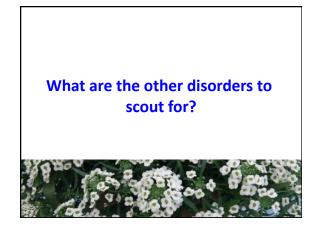
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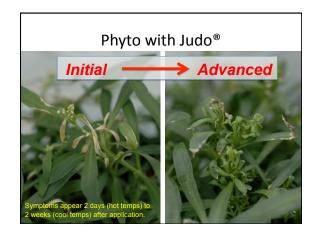
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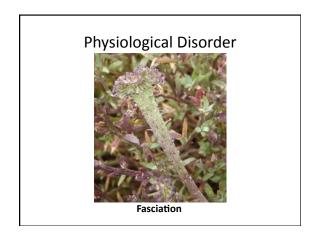








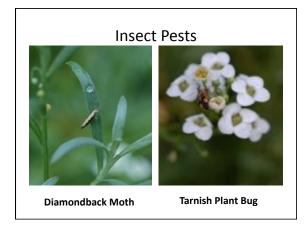


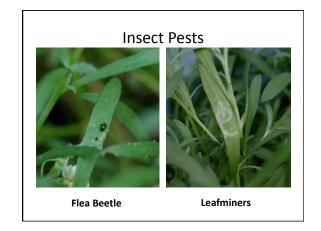


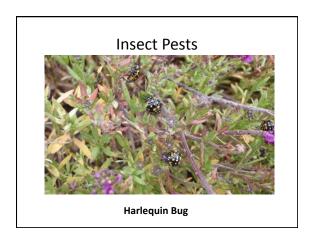


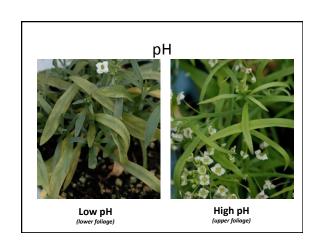


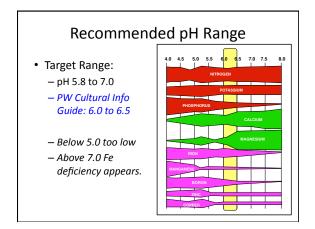
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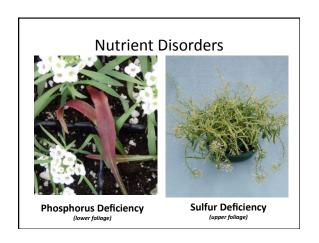
















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